



A TREKKING COMPANY

TANZANIAN SAFARIS

ARUSHA NATIONAL PARK
LAKE MANYARA NATIONAL PARK
NGORONGORO CRATER CONSERVATION AREA
SERENGETI NATIONAL PARK
TARANGIRE NATIONAL PARK

WELCOME



A safari in Tanzania is more magical than you can imagine. From watching a lioness teaching her cubs to hunt to a leopard feasting on an impala in the treetops, you've probably dreamt of Africa's wildlife for years. We've planned our safaris to accommodate these dreams. We drive close to the most elusive of Tanzania's animals—but the animals are just the beginning. You can tailor your safari to include all the experiences you're chasing after: from authentic cultural interactions to unforgettable tented camps where wildlife roam freely.

**“ IF I HAVE EVER SEEN
MAGIC, IT HAS BEEN IN AFRICA.”**

— *John Hemingway*

The safari itineraries created by Kilimanjaro Sunrise are meticulously crafted to ensure visitors experience the very best of Tanzania's renowned safari parks. Each park offers something unique and unforgettable, showcasing the rich diversity and natural beauty of Tanzania's wilderness.

A trip to Africa is not complete without visiting Tanzania's world-famous safari parks. Get up close and personal with some of the world's most fascinating creatures. You'll enjoy lunch next to a

watering hole with lurking hippos, perhaps spot the legendary tree-climbing lion, and watch as massive tusked elephants amble about the Serengeti on a once-in-a-lifetime safari.

We recommend scheduling at least a few days after your climb so you can relax and recover in our air-conditioned safari vehicles. Our safari vehicles have pop-up tops so you can stand and take unobstructed photos of the wildlife.

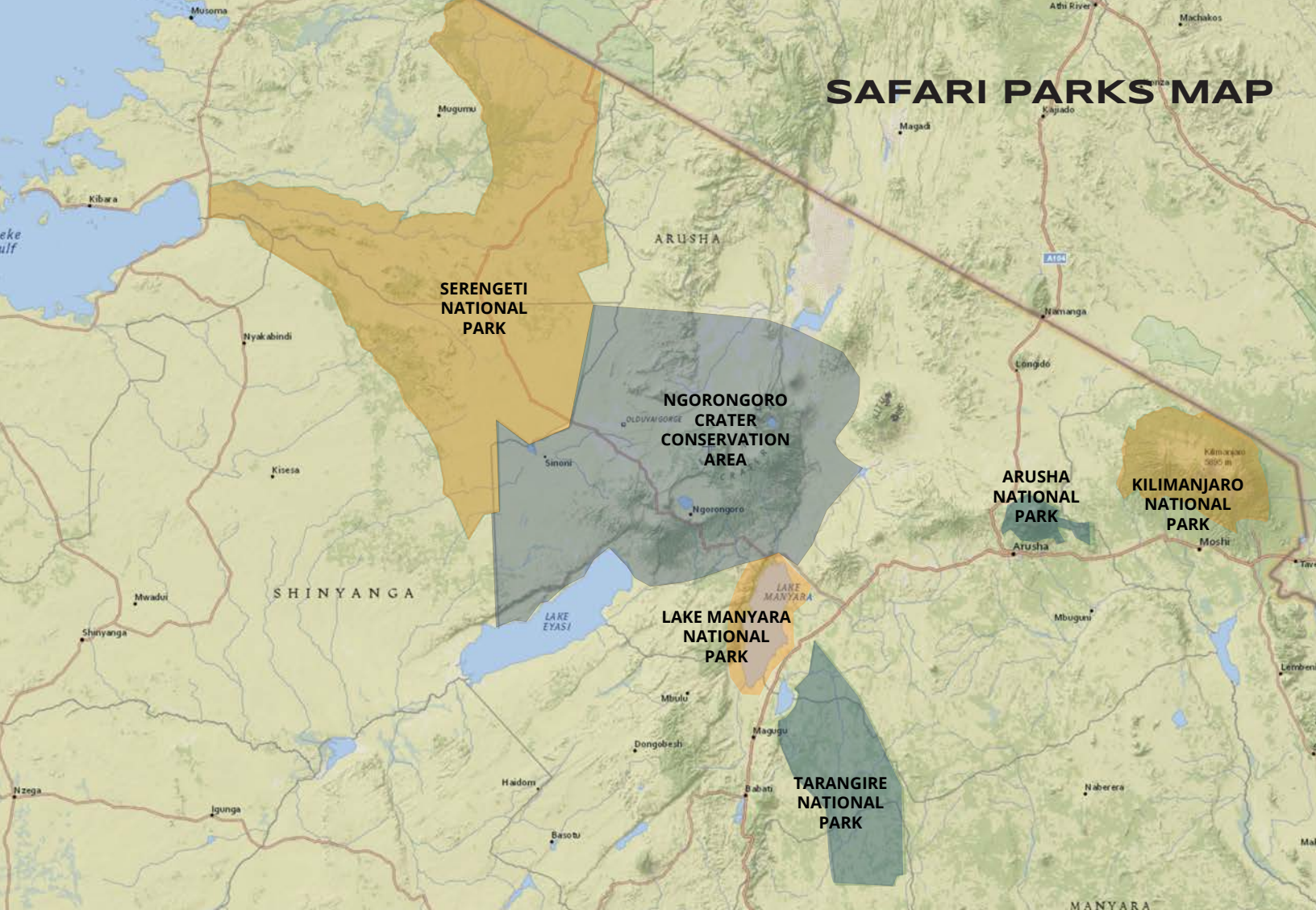
The safaris we offer have the traditional tented camp accommodations. We chose the best locations—closest to the parks—to allow maximum viewing time. The Parks are open from sunrise to sunset. The animals are most active in the morning so an early start is key.

Our safari itineraries range from one to five days and visit Tanzania's best wildlife parks. An expert guide/driver will lead your safari. Our guides have years of experience guiding safaris. They have an understanding of wildlife and animal behaviors. They know exactly where to look for animals and how to spot them.

Get in touch with us today, and together we'll begin designing the adventure of a lifetime. We're here to turn your dream into reality!



SAFARI PARKS MAP



ARUSHA NATIONAL PARK

Nestled on the lower slopes of Mount Meru, Africa's fifth-highest mountain, Arusha National Park is a gem in Tanzania's northern safari circuit. Despite its relatively compact size, the park is teeming with wildlife, offering visitors the chance to see a remarkable variety of animals within a small area. From the lush forests to the serene Momella Lakes, Arusha National Park is a microcosm of Tanzania's natural wonders.

LAKE MANYARA NATIONAL PARK

Lake Manyara National Park, located at the base of the dramatic Great Rift Valley escarpment, is a place where land and water meet to create a haven for wildlife. The park is renowned for its picturesque lake, which draws a multitude of animals to its shores. Here, you can witness the vibrant spectacle of flamingos and other aquatic birds, alongside herds of giraffes, water buffalo, and wildebeest that graze on the surrounding plains. The park's diverse landscapes range from dense woodlands to open savannah, offering a rich and varied safari experience.

TARANGIRE NATIONAL PARK

Tarangire National Park is a wildlife enthusiast's paradise, famed for its large elephant herds that migrate to the banks of the Tarangire River during the dry season.

The river is the park's lifeline, attracting a wide array of animals including lions, leopards, and an impressive variety of bird

species. The park's landscape is dotted with ancient baobab trees, adding a unique character to this already stunning environment. Tarangire offers a tranquil and less crowded alternative to the more popular parks, yet with wildlife experiences that are equally rewarding.

NGORONGORO CRATER CONSERVATION AREA

Often referred to as the "Eighth Wonder of the World," the Ngorongoro Crater is a must-visit on any Tanzanian safari. This vast, unbroken caldera is a microcosm of the Serengeti, home to the same variety of animals but in a more concentrated area. The Crater is particularly famous for its population of critically endangered black rhinos, which are carefully protected by vigilant park rangers. The sheer density of wildlife, combined with the breathtaking scenery of the Crater, makes for an unforgettable safari experience.

SERENGETI NATIONAL PARK

No trip to Africa would be complete without visiting the iconic Serengeti National Park. Known worldwide for the Great Migration, where millions of wildebeest, zebras, and gazelles journey from the southern plains, through the heart of the Serengeti, to the northern regions and into Kenya's Maasai Mara National Reserve. The Serengeti's endless plains are also home to the Big Five—lion, leopard, elephant, buffalo, and rhino—as well as countless other species. Whether you're witnessing a predator in pursuit or marveling at the vast herds on the move, the Serengeti offers a safari experience like no other.



SERENGETI NATIONAL PARK



Tanzania's Serengeti National Park is more than just the country's oldest and most beloved wildlife reserve; it's a UNESCO World Heritage Site and one of Africa's Seven Natural Wonders. Renowned worldwide for the awe-inspiring Great Migration, the Serengeti hosts one of nature's most breathtaking spectacles. Each year, around six million wildebeest, over 200,000 zebras, and 300,000 Thomson's gazelles embark on a treacherous journey from the Southern Serengeti Plains of Tanzania to Kenya's Maasai Mara Reserve. But even when this epic migration isn't in full swing, the Serengeti remains one of Africa's top destinations for unparalleled game viewing.

The name "Serengeti" is a Maasai word which means "the place where the land runs on forever".

This iconic park is a sanctuary for a remarkable array of wildlife. Majestic elephants and towering giraffes roam the plains alongside powerful buffalo. The Serengeti's vast savannas are also home to thousands of antelopes, including elands, topis, kongonis, impalas, and Grant's gazelles, all thriving in the park's protected environment.

Spanning nearly 5,700 square miles, the Serengeti's immense and varied landscapes are teeming with life. More than 30 species of large herbivores and 500 bird species inhabit the park, thanks to its unique blend of habitats. Your experienced driver will keep a keen ear on the radio to guide you to the most active wildlife hot spots, ensuring you don't miss a moment of the action.

The Serengeti's landscape, shaped by ancient volcanic activity, is a patchwork of different terrains. The southern region features vast open plains, while the central area is dotted with acacia-studded savannas. To the north, hilly, wooded grasslands dominate, and the western corridor is characterized by lush woodlands and the enigmatic black clay plains. Scattered throughout are rivers and lakes that serve as lifelines for the park's inhabitants, where much of the drama unfolds. Imagine watching lionesses teaching their cubs to hunt or witnessing a crocodile stealthily ambush its prey at the water's edge.

There's truly no better safari destination than the Serengeti. To fully immerse yourself in everything this incredible park has to offer, a minimum four-day driving safari is a must. Every moment spent in the Serengeti is a chance to witness the raw and untamed beauty of nature at its finest.



NGORONGORO CRATER



The Ngorongoro Crater Conservation Area, often referred to as the “Eighth Wonder of the World,” is one of Tanzania’s most iconic and breathtaking natural landmarks. Located in the northern part of the country, this UNESCO World Heritage Site is part of the larger Serengeti ecosystem and is renowned for its unparalleled beauty, rich biodiversity, and historical significance.

The centerpiece of the conservation area is the Ngorongoro Crater, the world’s largest intact and unfilled volcanic caldera. Formed around two to three million years ago when a massive volcano exploded and collapsed in on itself, the crater is about 2,000 feet (610 meters) deep and spans approximately 100 square miles (260 square kilometers). The floor of the crater is a vast, enclosed ecosystem with grasslands, swamps, forests, and a salt lake, supporting a wide array of wildlife.

The Crater is a natural wildlife sanctuary, with an estimated 25,000 large animals living within its confines. The crater’s rich volcanic soils and abundant water supply create a fertile environment that supports one of the highest concentrations of wildlife in Africa. Visitors can expect to see a diverse range of species, including all of the “Big Five”—lion, leopard, elephant, buffalo, and the critically endangered black rhinoceros. The crater is one of the few places in East Africa where black rhinos are regularly seen in the wild, thanks to stringent conservation efforts.

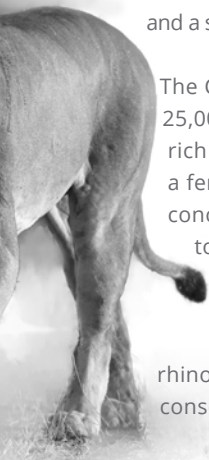
The Crater is home to large herds of wildebeest, zebras, and gazelles, which are preyed upon by a healthy population of predators such as lions, hyenas, and jackals. The crater’s lake, Lake Magadi, is often frequented by flocks of flamingos, adding a splash of pink to the stunning landscape.

“ IF THERE WERE ONE MORE THING I COULD DO, IT WOULD BE TO GO ON SAFARI ONCE AGAIN.”

— Karen Blixen

The sheer density of wildlife in a relatively small area means that game viewing is consistently rewarding. The lush green crater walls rising above a diverse landscape of plains, woodlands, and lakes provides a stunning backdrop to every wildlife encounter.

The Ngorongoro Conservation Area is also rich in human history. The region is home to the Maasai people, who have lived in harmony with the wildlife for centuries. They continue to practice traditional pastoralism, grazing their cattle in the highlands surrounding the crater. The conservation area includes the Olduvai Gorge, one of the most important paleoanthropological sites in the world. Often referred to as the “Cradle of Mankind.”



TARANGIRE NATIONAL PARK



Tarangire National Park, referred to as the “Land of the Giants,” is a hidden treasure within Tanzania’s rich tapestry of wildlife reserves. The park earns its nickname from its two most iconic inhabitants: the massive savannah elephants and the ancient, towering Baobab trees that dominate the landscape. Despite its breathtaking beauty and abundant wildlife, Tarangire remains one of Tanzania’s lesser-known parks. It’s a perfect destination for those seeking a more intimate and less crowded safari experience.

**“THE EYE NEVER FORGETS
WHAT THE HEART HAS SEEN.”**

— *African Proverb*

Located just west of Arusha, Tarangire National Park is more accessible than the famous Serengeti and Ngorongoro Crater, yet it offers equally spectacular game viewing opportunities. The park is named after the Tarangire River, a vital lifeline that flows through the heart of the reserve. During the dry season, the river becomes the only reliable source of water in the region, drawing animals from across the vast plains into the park’s boundaries.

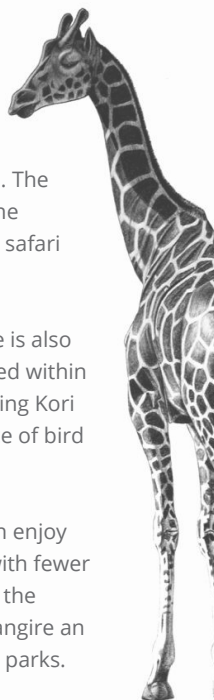
The landscape of Tarangire is a photographer’s dream, with its rolling savannahs dotted with Baobab trees, dense woodlands,

and sweeping vistas that stretch to the horizon. This diverse environment is home to an astonishing array of wildlife. As many as 300 elephants can be seen at once, scratching at the dry riverbeds in search of hidden underground streams. These majestic creatures, some of the largest in Africa, are a sight to behold as they roam the park in large, social herds.

But the elephants are just the beginning. Tarangire is teeming with other animals, including zebras, buffaloes, impalas, gazelles, and elands, all of which gather around the shrinking lagoons as the dry season intensifies. The park boasts the highest concentration of wildlife outside the Serengeti ecosystem, making it one of the most rewarding safari destinations in Tanzania.

In addition to the more commonly seen animals, Tarangire is also a haven for bird enthusiasts, with over 550 species recorded within the park. From the vibrant Lilac-breasted roller to the striking Kori bustard, the heaviest flying bird, the variety and abundance of bird life add another layer of richness to the safari experience.

The park’s relatively low tourist traffic means you can often enjoy these incredible wildlife encounters in peaceful solitude, with fewer vehicles jostling for a view. This tranquility, combined with the park’s stunning scenery and abundant wildlife, makes Tarangire an undiscovered gem that rivals Tanzania’s more famous parks.



LAKE MANYARA NATIONAL PARK



Lake Manyara National Park is a breathtaking sanctuary where water meets wilderness. Covering a significant portion of the park, the lake itself accounts for nearly two-thirds of this remarkable reserve. This vast aquatic haven, set against the backdrop of the Great Rift Valley, is a blend of lush Acacia woodlands and dense groundwater forests. Formed by a colossal fracture in the Earth's crust millions of years ago, Lake Manyara is a natural marvel that has created a unique ecosystem, supporting an extraordinary variety of wildlife.

The shallow, alkaline waters of Lake Manyara are a lifeline for many species. The lake's shimmering surface is often dotted with the pink hues of thousands of flamingos, creating a stunning spectacle that draws visitors from around the world. These vibrant birds are just one part of the rich tapestry of life that thrives here. The park is also famous for its elephant herds, which roam freely through the woodlands, and for its elusive tree-climbing lions—a rare behavior that makes spotting these majestic predators perched in the branches of an acacia tree an unforgettable experience.

Lake Manyara is more than just a wildlife haven; it offers some of the most spectacular views in all of Africa. The landscape here is nothing short of enchanting. Ernest Hemingway once described it as “the loveliest I had seen in Africa,” a sentiment that echoes through the generations of travelers who have been captivated by its beauty.

Exploring Lake Manyara National Park is like embarking on a condensed version of the Tanzanian safari experience. Despite its relatively small size, the park offers a rich variety of game-viewing opportunities. The compact circuit that winds through the park takes you on a journey through a microcosm of Tanzania's natural wonders. In a single day, you can move from lush forests, where baboons and blue monkeys play, to the grassy floodplains teeming with zebra, wildebeest, and buffalo.

“ I NEVER KNEW OF A MORNING IN AFRICA WHEN I WOKE UP THAT I WAS NOT HAPPY.”

— Ernest Hemingway

The park is also a birdwatcher's paradise, boasting over 400 species of birds. From the majestic African fish eagle to the iridescent colors of the little bee-eater, the diversity of avian life here is staggering.

Lake Manyara's unique blend of scenery, diverse habitats, and abundant wildlife make it a must-visit destination. Whether you're drawn by the chance to see elephants up close, the allure of spotting a tree-climbing lion, or simply the desire to witness one of Africa's most picturesque landscapes, Lake Manyara promises an experience that is as magical as it is memorable.



ARUSHA NATIONAL PARK



Arusha National Park is often overlooked by safari enthusiasts, despite its close proximity to Arusha. This park offers an exceptional opportunity to explore a variety of landscapes and habitats, all within a compact area. Unlike other Tanzanian parks that are primarily known for vast savannas, Arusha National Park is celebrated for its diverse ecosystems that range from dense montane forests to open swamps and rugged mountain terrain.

“ THE ONLY MAN I ENVY IS THE MAN WHO HAS NOT YET BEEN TO AFRICA – FOR HE HAS SO MUCH TO LOOK FORWARD TO.”

– Richard Mullin

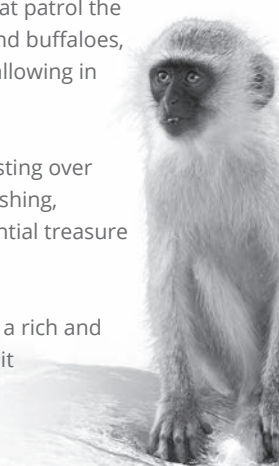
The park is distinguished by three main features that create a unique and varied environment. First, there's the lush Ngurdoto Crater, often referred to as the "Little Ngorongoro," which is a swampy caldera teeming with wildlife. The crater is a haven for animals like buffaloes and warthogs that thrive in its marshy environment. The second standout feature is the Momella Lakes, a series of shallow, alkaline lakes that change color throughout the day due to algae and the varying reflections of the sky. These lakes are a magnet for a

wide variety of birds, including flamingos, making it a paradise for birdwatchers. Finally, the park is crowned by the majestic Mount Meru, the second-highest peak in Tanzania. The mountain's rugged alpine slopes provide a stark contrast to the lush landscapes below, offering challenging hikes and stunning vistas.

Arusha National Park's range of habitats supports an incredible diversity of wildlife. The montane forests are home to the black and white colobus monkey, a species that is rarely seen in other parks on Tanzania's Northern Safari Circuit. These acrobatic primates, with their distinctive long, flowing white tails, are a highlight for many visitors. The park is also a sanctuary for various species of antelope, giraffes that graze on the tree tops, and baboons that patrol the forest floor. In the open areas and swamps, you'll find buffaloes, zebras, warthogs, and even the occasional hippo wallowing in the water.

Arusha National Park is a birdwatcher's dream, boasting over 575 species of birds. The variety of bird life is astonishing, making every walk or drive through the park a potential treasure hunt for bird enthusiasts.

Despite its smaller size, Arusha National Park offers a rich and intimate safari experience. For those short on time, it delivers an immersive and varied experience that is as rewarding as it is convenient.





We've designed your safari experience to be everything you've ever imagined a safari should be—and more. To ensure that every moment is filled with excitement and discovery, we offer exclusive use of tented camps located close to the parks. This prime positioning allows you to maximize your game viewing time from sunrise to sunset.

TENTED CAMPS

Our tented camps offer the perfect blend of comfort and adventure, bringing you closer to nature without sacrificing the luxuries of modern living. They are strategically placed at the very edge of the safari parks, where the wildlife roams freely. It's not uncommon to spot animals wandering through the camp. Each tent is thoughtfully designed with a permanent floor, canvas walls, and a sturdy roof, providing a secure and cozy retreat after a day of exploration. Inside, you'll find comfortable beds, a lounge area, and a separate bathroom equipped with all the amenities you need for a comfortable stay in the wild.

THE VEHICLES

Your safari experience is enhanced by our fleet of modified and meticulously maintained safari vehicles. We've taken the reliable Toyota Land Cruiser and transformed it into the ultimate safari vehicle with a pop up top for safe, closeup animal viewing. The vehicles are reinforced to handle the rugged terrain. To make your journey even more enjoyable, our vehicles are equipped with a fridge, WiFi, and charging ports for your devices.

OUR GUIDE/DRIVER

The heart of your safari experience is our expert guide, who also serves as your driver. They are English speaking, friendly, professionals with years of experience. They know where to find everything the park has to offer. They are skilled at anticipating animal movements, so you won't miss any of the action. They also take care of every detail, including preparing and serving a delicious lunch during your journey



From the moment you wake to the sounds of the wild to the last rays of sunset, every aspect of your safari is designed to create memories that will last a lifetime.

THE ANIMALS



Lioness stalking her prey



African Buffalo



Cheetah



Black Rhino

On your safari adventure, you'll see some of the world's most magnificent animals up close in their natural habitat. This experience offers not only thrilling encounters but also the chance to capture the raw beauty of the African wilderness through your lens. To truly do justice, we recommend bringing a high-quality camera equipped with a 400-500 mm lens, which will allow you to capture detailed, breathtaking images of the wildlife you encounter.

THE BIG FIVE

• African Buffalo

The Buffalo have few non-human predators aside from lions and large crocodiles.

• Black Rhinoceros

Black rhinos often fight each other and they have the highest rates of mortal combat recorded for any mammal.

• Elephant

Elephant, despite their large size, are able to hide in tall grass. They are also more likely to charge than the other Big Five.

• Leopard

Leopard are hard to spot, so look for their straight tails hanging from trees. They can be found hanging out in trees, making food of unsuspecting impalas

• Lion

The lion is an apex predator. Some scavenge—when the opportunity occurs, may hunt humans— however, the species typically doesn't.

ADDITIONAL ANIMALS

• Baboons

Noisy creatures that will snatch food right off your table.

• Birds

Flamingos, Ostrich, Kori Bustard, Goshawk, Vultures and African Pygmy Kingfisher are some of the most noteworthy.

• Cheetah

Elusive, fast and scattered due to the large packs of hyena.

• Gazelles, Impalas, Dik Dik, and Waterbuck

A moving buffet for the carnivores across the Serengeti plains.

• Hippopotamus

Highly aggressive and unpredictable animal that has been known to attack humans.

• Hyenas and Serval

Brave scavengers that will snatch vultures' prey right from their mouths.

• Jackals

Related to the coyote, they are proficient scavengers.

• Monkeys

Colobus, Blue, and Vervet scurry freely in the parks and lodges.

• Reptiles

Monitors and Crocodile inhabit the waterholes whereas the Agama Lizard hangs out more in the rocky dry areas.

• Warthogs

Only pig species that has adapted to grazing the savannas.